

WATER RESOURCES MANAGEMENT IN SELANGOR – ISSUES AND STRATEGIES

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MALAYSIA WATER RESOURCES MANAGEMENT FORUM 2012, PUTRAJAYA 26 NOV 2012











ESTABLISHMENT OF SWMA/LUAS

> The inception of SWMA was the result of the directive of the Cabinet Ministers' Meeting in July 1997 in which the Ministry of Agriculture was requested the Selangor State Government to consider a proposal to establish;

" an agency to manage the river and water resources in an integrated manner by applying the Selangor River as a pioneer project and the Thames River in the United Kingdom as the model for its implementation ".



ESTABLISHMENT OF SWMA/LUAS... cont

Selangor Waters Management Authority or its acronym, SWMA/LUAS is a one-stop agency for the management of water resources, river basin, water bodies, ground water and coastal waters in the State of Selangor.

> It was established under the Selangor Waters Management Authority Enactment 1999 pursuant to the approval of the Selangor State Legislative Assembly on 9 April 1999.



LEMBAGA URUS AIR SELANGOR **19.15** *Water Resources.* During the Plan period, several states experienced periodic water scarcity. This was caused by extended dry spells, and was compounded by the increasing demand for water, polluted water sources and the encroachment of development into water catchments. In this regard, the Government formed a National Water Resources Council in 1998 to provide a forum for a holistic approach for the planning and management of water resources. A National Water Resources Study for Peninsular Malaysia was completed in 2000 to determine the availability of water resources and water demand up to 2050. The river-basin approach to water management in Malaysia was initiated with the establishment of Lembaga Urus Air Selangor (LUAS) in **1999.** In addition, various awareness campaigns were held with the cooperation of the relevant non-governmental organizations (NGOs) to

promote the wise use of water and river conservation in general, especially through the annual *Cintailah Sungai Kita* campaigns.

Sumber : RMK- 8 (2001-2005) ,(Chapter 19 : Environment and Sustainable Resource Management) , page 545.



SWMA OBJECTIVES

- To ensure the water resources and environmental surrounding is in a manageable and sustainable condition, in order to support the socio-economic development of the progressive State.
- To undertake the function of planning, research, facilitator, coordinator, operation, enforcement, supervision in the development of integrated management of water resources and environment.



SWMA OBJECTIVEScontinue

To provide an environment that is conducive for public and private sector participation in the development, utilization and management of water resources and environmental surroundings taking into consideration the interests of the public and the State Government.

To create the public awareness and the participation of the public on the importance of water resources and in caring and enhancing the quality of water.



SWMA's MAIN FUNCTIONS

Section 6, LUAS Enactment 1999 (17 functions):

Coordinate multi agency relationship in the State.

 Adopt and implement policies, plans and Government projects.

 Protect the interest of the State in respect of development, management, use and conservation of water resources.



SWMA FUNCTIONScont

- Regulate and control through licensing for all activities related to water resources.
- Regulate and control through monitoring and enforcement actions.







Water Management



WATER SUPPLY SERVICES FRAMEWORK

ISSUES

- Water Resources Management (quantity and quality)
 - Sectorial Approach In Water Resources Management
 - Water Demand Management
 - Lack of Monitoring and Enforcement

NATIONAL WATER RESOURCES STUDY REVIEW (2000-2050)

Available Rainfall in Malaysia (mm)

State	State Area (sq km)	Rainfall	Actual Evaporation	Groundwater Recharge	Surface Runoff	
Perlis	821	1,880	1,290	120	470	
Kedah	9,500	2,310	1,430	130	750	
Pulau Pinang	1,048	2,350	1,430	120	800	
Perak	21,035	2,420	1,320	170	930	
Selangor	8,396	2,190	1,280	150	760	
Negeri Sembilan	6,686	1,830	1,210	130	490	
Melaka	1,664	1,880	1,210	100	570	
Johor	19,210	2,470	1,130	200	1,140	
Pahang	36,137	2,470	1,250	120	1,100	
Terengganu	13,035	3,310	1,470	150	1,690	
Kelantan	15,099	2,600	1,290	140	1,170	
West Malaysia	132,631	2,490	1,280	148	1,060	
Sabah	73,631	2,560	1,190	190	1,180	
Sarawak	124,450	3,640	1,250	240	2,150	
FT Labuan	91	3,100	1,480	150	1,470	
East Malaysia	198,172	3,240	1,230	221	1,790	
Malaysia	330,803	2,940	1,250	192	1,500	

NATIONAL WATER RESOURCES STUDY REVIEW (2000-2050)

Total Consumptive Water Demand Against Total Water Availability for All Sectors

State	Land	Total Consumptive Water Demand (mm)				Effective	Excess/Deficit (mm)-Unregulated Flows					
State	Sq km	2010	2020	2030	2040	2050	(mm)	2010	2020	2030	2040	2050
Perlis	821	372.3	364.2	348.0	345.5	342.3	71	(302)	(294)	(277)	(277)	(272)
Kedah	9,500	307.6	313.2	299.1	302.4	302.8	113	(195)	(201)	(187)	(190)	(190)
Pulau Pinang	1,048	729.4	791.3	797.5	834.4	853.2	120	(609)	(671)	(677)	(714)	(733)
Perak	21,035	92.7	91.6	85.5	85.6	96.1	140	47	48	54	54	53
Selangor	8,396	266.6	296.6	306.0	328.	348.0	114	(153)	(183)	(192)	(215)	(234)
Negeri Sembilan	6,686	51.0	54.1	53.6	54.7	56.0	74	23	19	20	19	18
Melaka	1,664	193.9	220.1	225.9	246.0	263.4	86	(108)	(135)	(140)	(161)	(178)
Johor	19,210	37.2	45.8	53.8	60.6	67.7	171	134	125	117	110	103
Pahang	36,137	20.1	26.2	24.8	25.2	26.5	165	145	139	140	140	138
Terengganu	13,035	67.8	74.8	74.4	76.7	78.7	254	Effec	ctive re	ain in S	Selanç	gor,
Kelantan	15,099	108.1	107.2	105.0	106.0	106.2	176	1	4% frc	om 760) mm.	
Pen Malaysia	132,631	96.5	103.1	102.2	105.9	109.2	159	62	56	57	53	50
Sabah	73,631	12.4	18.4	18.9	19.6	20.0	177	165	159	158	157	157
FT Labuan	91	197.7	264.3	285.0	304.0	318.0	323	50%	surfa	ce rur	noff	4
Sarawak	124,450	8.4	17.3	17.0	17.5	18.0	221		utilisc	ation		202
East Malaysia	198,172	10.0	17.9	17.9	18.4	18.9	269	258	251	251	250	250
Total Malaysia	330803	44.7	52.0	51.7	53.5	55.1	225.0	180.3	173.0	173.3	171.5	169.9

POTABLE WATER DEVELOPMENT

SUMBER : DOE

Source of Pollutions

- Domestic Wastewater ie. public sewage treatment plant, individual septic tank and direct discharge
- Industrial Wastewater
- Wet Markets
- Other urban wastewater ie. restaurant & food stalls etc
- Animal husbandry
- Freshwater Aquaculture
- Solid waste
- Soil Erosion
- Sand mining

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LEMBAGA URUS AIR SELANGOR

WATER RESOURCES STRATEGIES IN SELANGOR

- Water Resources Management in Selangor
- Implementation Of IRBM and ICM Plan
- River Management Policy
- Alternative Water Resources Management
- SWMA's Gazettement
- Strengthen Monitoring and Enforcement Mechanism

IWRM builds on river basin management

- from a water quantity *and* water quality perspective

1. WATER RESOURCES MANAGEMENT IN SELANGOR

a. Licensing of Water Abstraction

- Charging and licensing of ground water and surface water abstraction was started on 1 July 2005 for water supply and commercial users.
- Parallel to Section 41(2), SWMA Enactment 1999.
- The latest charges rate are RM 0.01/ m3 for public utilities and RM 0.05/m3 for commercial users.
- Water Resources Abstraction (State of Selangor) Regulation 2012 to control water abstraction and to avoid any land settlement, saline intrusion and also other impact to the environment.

VOLUME OF WATER ABSTRACTION (2005-Sept.2012)

b. Written Approval of Alteration Activities

- Activities relating to water resources such as construction of jetty, bridge and other structures at/on/in river is based on Section 43(1), SWMA Enactment 1999.
- To protect and conserve the quantity and quality of water resources and to avoid any obstruction in the river.

WRITTEN APPROVAL FOR ALTERATION ACTIVITIES (\$43 & \$70)

Sand Mining

River Diversion

WRITTEN APPROVAL FOR JETTY ACTIVITY

LKC JETTY

LION WATERWAYS JETTY

Operator	Tonnage /month	Charge /year			
Lion Waterway	63,000	RM 1,200 (review)			
LKC	18,000	RM 54,000			

Kaedah Air Selangor (Fee Lesen), 1989

c. Licensing of Emission or Pollutant Discharge

 Regulation which is parallel to Section 79(1), SWMA
Enactment 1999 is being enforced on 20 April 2012.

To control the effluent quality that discharged to the water resources.

SULAR MALAVSIA RM 1.20 + SABAH AND SARAWA

METHODS OF IMPLEMENTATION, 5.79(1)

Identify final discharge point. License fee RM 650.00

Analysis Report every 3 months

Analysis by Accredited Laboratory

Dicharge with the permissible limit

d. Licensing for River Navigation

Inland Waterway Navigation New Sunday Times (State of Selangor) 228. Govt. Notices/Tenders **Regulation 2012 based on** LEMBAGA URUS AIR SELANGOR (LUAS) Section 97(1), SWMA PEMAKLUMAN RASMI PELAKSANAAN PERATURAN BARU BERKAITAN NAVIGASI VESEL DI SUNGAI NEGERI SELANGOR Enactment 1999. 1. Adalah dimaklumkan bahawa satu peraturan baru bagi mengawalselia navigasi jalan air pedalaman yang dipanggil "Peraturan-Peraturan Navigasi Jalan Air Pedalaman (Negeri Selangor) 2012" telah diperkenalkan dan kini berkuatkuasa di dalam Negeri Selangor. Peraturan ini telah diwartakan pada 19 April 2012 dan mula berkuatkuasa pada 20 April 2012. Peraturan ini memberikan kuasa kepada Lembaga Urus Air Selangor (LUAS) untuk melesenkan dan mengawalselia vesel-Enforced on 20 April 2012 vesel yang beroperasi di sungai, tasik dan jalan air pedalaman di luar kawasan pelabuhan di dalam Negeri Selangor. Selaras dengan peraturan ini juga, pihak LUAS adalah dipertanggungjawabkan untuk memastikan setiap vesel belayar dengan selamat dan tidak membahayakan di dalam jalan air pedalaman di dalam Negeri Selangor. To control navigation 4. Kepada mana-mana individu yang menjalankan aktiviti navigasi di jalan air pedalaman di dalam Negeri Selangor adalah dikehendaki untuk memohon lesen daripada LUAS. Setiap lesen dikeluarkan secara tahunan dan ianya akan tertakluk kepada fi pendaftaran, fi lesen dan fi vesel yang telah ditetapkan. Borang activities in the river. permohonan lesen boleh dimuat turun secara percuma daripada laman web LUAS di www.luas.gov.my atau pun mendapatkannya terus di ibu pejabat atau cawangan LUAS. Sebarang kemusykilan berkaitan perkara ini boleh dipanjangkan kepada LUAS di talian 03-55111800 atau emel kepada admin@luas.gov.my.

Sekian, terima kasih.

HAJI MD. KHAIRI BIN SELAMAT Pengarah, Lembaga Urus Air Selangor. 25hb. Mei 2012

INSULAR MALAYSIA RM 1.20 • SABAH AND SARAWAK RM 1.60 • BRUNEI \$ 1.60 • PP412/08/2012 (0)

e. Licensing of water diversion for electric generation

- Charge rate is RM 50,000.00/MW generated and being enforced on 11 Nov 2010.
- Subject to Section 42(3), SWMA Enactment 1999.

 To control water diversion and maintain the ecological environment.

No. 3617.

PEMBERITAHUAN CAJ BAGI PELENCONGAN AIR DARIPADA MANA-MANA SUMBER AIR

NOTIFICATION OF CHARGES FOR DIVERSION OF WATER FROM ANY WATER SOURCE

Pada menjalankan kuasa yang diberikan oleh subseksyen 44(1) Enakmen Lembaga Urus Air Selangor 1999 [En. 2/1999], Lembaga Urus Air Selangor, dengan kelulusan Pihak Berkuasa Negeri, dengan ini menetapkan kadar seperti yang dinyatakan dalam Jadual sebagai caj bagi pelencongan air daripada mana-mana sumber air bagi Negeri Selangor dan hendaklah berkuat kuasa pada tarikh ia disiarkan dalam Warta.

JADUAL

Tujuan Penggunaan

(1)

Penjanaan Elektrik

(2) 50,000.00/MW

Caj (RM)

Sungai Kerling Minihydro (SREP,2MW)

2. IMPLEMENTATION OF IRBM AND ICM PLAN

POLICY 1 : ENSURE SUFFICIENT WATER

POLICY 2 : ENSURE CLEAN WATER

POLICY 3 : PROTECT AGAINST FLOOD

POLICY 4 : CONSERVE THE FIREFLIES

Status :

- Review the IRBM Sg. Selangor Plan (2007-2012)

- 1 IRBMP – 1 RB

ANNUAL REPORT – 'State-of River Report'

LEMBAGA URUS AIR SELANGOR

 It describe the current status, trends and effort made to improve the state of the river.

PORT KLANG COSTAL ZONING

- **Status : Kuala Selangor and Sabak Bernam** completed. Sepang District in 2013.
- **POLICY 6 EROSION AND SEDIMENTATION**
- POLICY 5 MARINE AND NATURAL RESOURCES **EXPLOITATION**
- POLICY 4 HEALTH
- POLICY 2 HABITAT EXTINCTION POLICY 3 – SOLID WASTE
- POLICIY 1 WATER RESOURCES POLIUTION

PORT KLANG ICM – PELABUHAN KLANG (KLANG & KUALA LANGAT COASTAL AREA) DET KLANG

DAM MONITORING AND CONTROL

Water Level @ Sg. Selangor Dam

LEMBAGA URUS AIR SELANGOR LEMBAGA URUS AIR SELANGOR (LUAS)

WATER RELEASE FROM SG. SELANGOR AND SG. TINGGI DAM COMPARE

TO RESIDUAL FLOW AT BARRRAGE BESTARI JAYA

3. RIVER MANAGEMENT POLICY

- To ensure and conserve the natural physical of the river to maintain the geomorphology.
- To conserve the river in term of ecology and environment for aquatic life.
- To conserve and adopt the aesthethic value of the river in any project development by maintaining the existing of natural river.
- To ensure the sufficient water quantity and clean water quality of the river for water supply.
- To implement the Best Management Practices (BMPs) in any project development to sustain the natural river such as MSMA.

Note: Related to s43(1), SWMA Enactment for 'alteration activities'.

4. ALTERNATIVE WATER RESOURCES MANAGMENT

- Alternative Water Resources Task Force to monitor and identify the new potential water resources to be developed for water supply.
- Development of water resources project on application of storage pond as off-river storage and implementation of rain water harvesting.
- Gazettement of 17 ponds including ex-mining pond as zone of protection (s.48) for alternative water resources.

5. SWMA's GAZETTEMENT

- Zone Of Protection (Declared Area and Restriction) Notification, No. 2 2010 – (7 dam water catchment
- Zone Of Protection (Declared Area and Restriction) Notification, 2009 – (Fireflies, Mukim Pasangan).
- Zone Of Protection (Declared Area and Restriction) Notification 2010 (environmental sensitive area, Mukim Kapar)
- Selangor River Basin Management Plan (2007-2012)
- Port Klang Strategy Implementation Plan

LEMBAGA URU SELANGOR (L

Illegal Water Abstraction

LUAS

Leachate from dumping site.

Illegal Sand Mining

Integrated enforcement among technical agencies

NOTICES OF ENFORCEMENT

CONCLUSION

LEMBAGA URUS AIR SELANGOR

Supported and coordinated through;
Organisational setup
Legal aspect and provision
Political commitment
Technical competence

LEMBAGA URUS AIR SELANGOR ROLLE FOR WATER RESOURCES CONSERVATION

IWRM OBJECTIVE : RESTORATION & TRANSFORMATION

DEGRADED ENVIRONMENT OF WATER RESOURCES, RIVER BASINS

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CONTROLLED PLANNING & DEVELOPMENT ACTIVITIES THROUGH BEST ENVIRONMENTAL MGMT. PRACTICES FOR SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT & MGMT OF WATER RESOURCES & RIVER BASINS (IRBM)

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Integrated approach, the way forward.....